By Sillier

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 $\chi_{\mathsf{B}}$ . No.

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

### AN ACT

relating to the authority of the Texas Water Quality Board to 10 declare certain products ecological contaminants and to take 11 appropriate action; amending Section 1.03 of Subchapter A, and Subchapter C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Arti-13 cle 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); and declaring an 14 emergency.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. Section 1.03, Subchapter A, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Article 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended to read as follows:

"Section 1.03. DEFINITIONS. As used in this Act, unless the context requires a different definition:

"(1) 'person' means individual, corporation, organization, 24 government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, partnership, association, or any other legal entity;
"(2) 'board' means the Texas Water Quality Board;

"(3) 'executive director' means the executive director of the Texas Water Quality Board;
"(4) 'water' or 'water in the state' means groundwater,

30 percolating or otherwise, lakes, bays, ponds, impounding reservoirs, springs, rivers, streams, creeks, estuaries, marshes, inlets, canals, the Gulf of Mexico within the territorial limits of the State of Texas, and all other bodies of surface water, natural or artificial, inland or coastal, fresh or salt, navigable or non-navigable, and including the beds and banks of all watercourses and bodies of surface water, that are wholly or partially within or bordering the state or within the jurisdiction of the state;

"(5) 'waste' means sewage, industrial waste, municipal waste, recreational waste, agricultural waste, or other waste, as

waste, recreational waste, agricultural waste, or other waste, as defined in this section;

<u>"</u>(6) 'sewage' means water-borne human waste and waste from domestic activities, such as washing, bathing and food preparation;

'municipal waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous, 46 or solid substances that result from any discharge from a pub-

licly owned sewer system, treatment facility, or disposal system; "(8) 'recreational waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous, or solid substances that emanate from any public or private

park, beach, or recreational area;
"(9) 'agricultural waste' means water-borne liquid, gase-52 ous, or solid substances that arise from the agriculture industry and agricultural activities, including without limitation agricultural animal feeding pens and lots, structures for housing and

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feeding agricultural animals, and processing facilities for agricultural products; the term 'agricultural waste' does not include tailwater or runoff water from irrigation, or rainwater runoff from cultivated or uncultivated range lands, pasture lands and 5 farm lands, and these items are, if they may cause impairment of 6 the quality of the water in the state, included in the term

'other waste';
"(10) 'industrial waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous, or solid substances that result from any process of indus-

try, manufacturing, trade, or business;
"(11) 'other waste' means garbage, refuse, decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark, sand, lime, cinders, ashes, offal, oil, tar, dyestuffs, acids, chemicals, salt water, or any other substance, other than sewage, industrial waste, municipal waste, recreational waste, or agricultural waste, that may cause impairment of the quality of water in the state; 'other waste' also includes tailwater or runoff water from irrigation, or rainwater runoff from cultivated or uncultivated range lands, pasture lands, and farm lands, that may cause impairment of the quality of the water in the state;

'pollution' means the alteration of the physical, "(12) thermal, chemical, or biological quality of, or the contamination of, any water in the state that renders the water harmful, detrimental or injurious to humans, animal life, vegetation, or property or to public health, safety, or welfare, or impairs the usefulness or the public enjoyment of the water for any lawful

or reasonable purpose;

'sewer system' means pipelines, conduits, storm "(13) sewers, canals, pumping stations, force mains, and all other constructions, devices, and appurtenant appliances used to transport

"(14) 'treatment facility' means any plant, disposal field, lagoon, incinerator, area devoted to sanitary landfills, or other facility installed for the purpose of treating, neutralizing or stabilizing waste;

"(15) 'disposal system' means are asset includes." waste; "(14) 35

including sewer systems and treatment facilities;

38 waste, including sewer systems and ordered city, a "(16) 'local government' means an incorporated city, a 39 county, a river authority, or a water district or authority act-40 ing under Article III, Section 52, or Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution;

'permit' means an order issued by the board in "(17) accordance with the procedures prescribed in this Act establish-43 ing the treatment which shall be given to wastes being discharged into or adjacent to any water in the state to preserve and enhance the quality of the water, and specifying the conditions under which the discharge may be made; "(18) 'to discharge' includes t

'to discharge' includes to deposit, conduct, drain, run, allow to seep, or otherwise release or dispose 49 emit, throw, of; or to allow, permit or suffer any such act or omission;

"(19) 'rule' includes regulation;

"(20) 'product' includes any single product, product 53 group, and class of products which are not safe for human con-sumption or medicinal use by established custom or certification 55 by the United States Food and Drug Administration; and

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'normal use' means to utilize and discard in accor- $\bar{2}$  dance with instructions on the label, in the package, or in an advertisement or in accordance with the seller's intent as exhibited by specific guidance, traditional practices, or common use."

Subchapter C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Article 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended to add a new Section 3.35 to read as follows:

Section 3.35. ECOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS. (a) On its OWN

motion or on complaint of any person, the board shall investigate any product or any ingredient or component of any product sold in Texas which in its normal use will be discharged as sewage into any disposal system or discharged as municipal waste and which is alleged to be incapable of being properly treated by a disposal system thus causing it when it is discharged from a disposal system to pollute or have an adverse effect on the ecological balance of the receiving body of water or within the stream system of which the receiving body of water is a part.

"(b) If the board's investigation reveals that the allegations against the product or any incredient or component of the

"(b) If the board's investigation reveals that the allegations against the product or any ingredient or component of the product are valid, the board shall give notice and hold a hearing to determine if the product should be declared to be an ecological contaminant and if so shall issue an order pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

"(c) At the conclusion of the hearing, the board shall make its findings, and if the board finds that the product or any ingredient or component of the product is incapable of being properly treated by a disposal system thus causing it when it is discharged from the disposal system to pollute or have an adverse effect on the ecological balance of the receiving body of water effect on the ecological balance of the receiving body of water or within the stream system of which the receiving body of water is a part, it shall declare the product to be an ecological con-31 32 33 taminant and shall do one of the following:

"(1) issue an order prohibiting the sale of the product within the state to be effective one year after the board issues

the order;

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"(2) issue an order directing the manufacturer or producer of the product to restructure it within two years after the board issues the order according to guidelines set by the board so that the product will no longer constitute an ecological contaminant or the further sale of the product will be prohibited; or

"(3) if the public interest demands that the product in its present form be available for public use, issue an order 45 directing all disposal systems receiving the product to be 46 altered to properly treat the product within the four-year period following the board's order so that the product will no longer constitute an ecological contaminant or the further operation of the disposal system will be prohibited until it is properly

"(d) The board may make rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section."

Sec. 3. The importance of this legislation and the crowded

condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and

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an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this Rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

### FORM B

(For favorable reports on bills where committee amendments other than "committee substitutes" are recommended; and for resolutions where committee amendments, including complete substitutes, are recommended.)

# COMMITTEE REPORT

HON. G. F. (GUS) MUTSCHER

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Sir:

We, your Committee on

No.

No.

And beg to report back with recommendation that it do pass as amended, and be printed.

The Bill was reported from Committee by the following vote:

Unanimous voice vote

Chairman.

(In the case of simple and concurrent resolutions the words "and be printed" should be stricken out since resolutions are printed in the Journal when they are fir t introduced.

The word "not" should be inserted before "printed" only in case of a local bill reported favorably with amendments and ordered not printed, which is customary for local bills.)

By: Silber

H. B. No. 897

(In the House. -- Filed March 4, 1971; March 9, 1971, read first time and referred to Committee on State Affairs: May 11, 1971, reported favorably by unanimous voice vote, as amended, sent to Printer.)

### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

### AN ACT

relating to the authority of the Texas Water Quality Board to 10 declare certain products ecological contaminants and to take appropriate action; amending Section 1.03 of Subchapter A, and Subchapter C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Arti-cle 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); and declaring an emergency.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1.03, Subchapter A, Texas Water Quality Section 1. 19 Act, as amended (Article 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), 20 is amended to read as follows:

"Section 1.03. DEFINITIONS. As used in this Act, unless 22 the context requires a different definition:

"(1) 'person' means individual, corporation, organization, 24 government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, partnership, association, or any other legal entity;
26 "(2) 'board' means the Texas Water Quality Board;

"(3) 'executive director' means the executive director of the Texas Water Quality Board; "(4) 'water' or 'water in the state' means groundwater,

- 30 percolating or otherwise, lakes, bays, ponds, impounding reservoirs, springs, rivers, streams, creeks, estuaries, marshes, inlets, canals, the Gulf of Mexico within the territorial limits of the State of Texas, and all other bodies of surface water, natural or artificial, inland or coastal, fresh or salt, naviga-35 ble or non-navigable, and including the beds and banks of all 36 watercourses and bodies of surface water, that are wholly or partially within or bordering the state or within the jurisdiction
- of the state;
  "(5) 'waste' means sewage, industrial waste, municipal 40 waste, recreational waste, agricultural waste, or other waste, as defined in this section;
- "(6) 'sewage' means water-borne human waste and waste from domestic activities, such as washing, bathing and food prepara-44 tion;
- 'municipal waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous, 46 or solid substances that result from any discharge from a pub-

licly owned sewer system, treatment facility, or disposal system; "(8) 'recreational waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous, or solid substances that emanate from any public or private

park, beach, or recreational area;

"(9) 'agricultural waste' means water-borne liquid, gase-52 ous, or solid substances that arise from the agriculture industry and agricultural activities, including without limitation agricultural animal feeding pens and lots, structures for housing and

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feeding agricultural animals, and processing facilities for agricultural products; the term 'agricultural waste' does not include tailwater or runoff water from irrigation, or rainwater runoff from cultivated or uncultivated range lands, pasture lands and farm lands, and these items are, if they may cause impairment of the quality of the water in the state, included in the term 'other waste';

"(10) 'industrial waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous, or solid substances that result from any process of indus-

try, manufacturing, trade, or business;
"(11) 'other waste' means garbage, refuse, decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark, sand, lime, cinders, ashes, offal, oil, tar, dyestuffs, acids, chemicals, salt water, or any other substance, other than sewage, industrial waste, municipal waste, recreational waste, or agricultural waste, that may cause impairment of the quality of water in the state; 'other waste' also includes tailwater or runoff water from irrigation, or rainwater runoff from cultivated or uncultivated range lands, pasture lands and farm lands, that may cause impairment of the quality of the

water in the state; "(12) 'pollu 'pollution' means the alteration of the physical thermal, chemical, or biological quality of, or the contamination of, any water in the state that renders the water harmful, detrimental or injurious to humans, animal life, vegetation, or property or to public health, safety, or welfare, or impairs the usefulness or the public enjoyment of the water for any lawful

or reasonable purnose;
"(13) 'sewer system' means pipelines, conduits, storm "(13) sewers, canals, pumping stations, force mains, and all other constructions, devices, and appurtenant appliances used to transport waste;

"(14) 'treatment facility' means any plant, disposal field, lagoon, incinerator, area devoted to sanitary landfills, or other facility installed for the purpose of treating, neutralizing or stabilizing waste;

"(15) 'disposal system' means any system for disposal of

including sewer systems and treatment facilities;

waste, inc. "(16) 'local government' means an incorporated city, a county, a river authority, or a water district or authority act-40 ing under Article III, Section 52, or Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution;

'permit' means an order issued by the board in "(17) 43 accordance with the procedures prescribed in this Act establishing the treatment which shall be given to wastes being discharged into or adjacent to any water in the state to preserve and enhance the quality of the water, and specifying the conditions under which the discharge may be made;

'to discharge' includes to deposit, conduct, drain, "(18) emit, throw, run, allow to seep, or otherwise release or dispose of; or to allow, permit or suffer any such act or omission; [and]
"(19) 'rule' includes regulation; [.]

(20) 'product' includes any single product, product and class of products which are not safe for human con-"(20) group, and class of products which are not sale for management of sumption or medicinal use by established custom or certification sumption; and 55 by the United States Food and Drug Administration; and

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'normal use' means to utilize and discard in accor-
              "(21)
   dance with instructions on the label, in the package, or in an advertisement or in accordance with the seller's intent as exhibited by specific guidance, traditional practices, or common
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    use.
                            Subchapter C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended
              Sec. 2.
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(Article 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended to add a new Section 3.35 to read as follows:

"Section 3.35. ECOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS. (a) On its own motion or on complaint of any person, the board shall investigate any product or any ingredient or component of any product sold in Texas which in its normal use will be discharged as sewage into any disposal system or discharged as municipal waste and which is alleged to be incapable of being properly treated by a disposal system thus causing it when it is discharged from a disposal system to pollute or have an adverse effect on the ecological balance of the receiving body of water or within the stream system of which the receiving body of water is a part.

"(b) If the board's investigation reveals that the allega-

tions against the product or any ingredient or component of the product are valid, the board shall give notice and hold a hearing to determine if the product should be declared to be an ecological contaminant and if so shall issue an order pursuant to Sub-

section (c) of this section.

"(c) At the conclusion of the hearing, the board shall make its findings, and if the board finds that the product or ingredient or component of the product is incapable of being properly treated by a disposal system thus causing it when it discharged from the disposal system to pollute or have an adverse effect on the ecological balance of the receiving body of water or within the stream system of which the receiving body of water is a part, it shall declare the product to be an ecological contaminant and shall do one of the following:

"(1) issue an order prohibiting the sale of the product within the state to be effective one year after the board issues

the order;

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issue an order directing the manufacturer or producer of the product to restructure it within two years after the board issues the order according to guidelines set by the board so that the product will no longer constitute an ecological contaminant or the further sale of the product will be prohibited; or

if the public interest demands that the product in its present form be available for public use, issue an order directing all disposal systems receiving the product to be altered to properly treat the product within the four-year period following the board's order so that the product will no longer constitute an ecological contaminant or the further operation of the disposal system will be prohibited until it is properly altered.

"(d) The board may make rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section."

Sec. 3. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and

an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this Rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

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                   COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO. 1
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     Change Sec. 2 as follows:
     Strike Section 3.35 (a), (b) and the first paragraph of (c) down to and
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   including line 33 and in lieu thereof substitute the following:
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     "Section 3.35. ECOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS. (a) The Board shall
   have the power, within the limits of available funds and staff, to investigate
   by contract, cooperative agreement or otherwise any product or any
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 9 ingredient or component of any product sold in Texas which in its normal
10 use will be discharged as municipal waste in order to determine whether
ll it is capable of proper treatment by existing treatment facilities.
     "(b) The Board, after a public hearing, may declare any product or any
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13 ingredient or component of any product sold in Texas to be an ecological
14 contaminant if
     "(1) it is incapable of proper treatment by existing treatment facilities
16 such that when it is discharged from treatment facilities it results in
   widespread pollution or has a substantially adverse effect on the receiving
18 body of water or within the stream system of which the receiving body of
19 water is a part, and
     "(2) the benefits of continued use of the product, the scarcity of substitutes
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21 for the product, and other merits of the product, both tangible and intangible,
    are outweighed by the danger of existing or potential degradation of the waters
23
    of the state.
     ''(c) If the Board declares any product or any ingredient or component
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    of any product to be an ecological contaminant, it shall do one of the
                                                                       Clayton
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    following: "
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                           COMMITTEE REPORT
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                                                           COMMITTEE ROOM
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                                                  Austin, Texas, May 10, 1971
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31 Hon. G. F. (Gus) Mutscher, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
     SIR: We, your Committee on State Affairs, to whom was referred H. B.
33 No. 897, have had the same under consideration and beg to report back
34 with recommendation that it do pass, as amended, and be printed.
                                                   James L. Slider, Chairman
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## BILL ANALYSIS

Background Information:

Sec. 1.03, Subchapter A, Art. 7621d-1 defines certain words applicable to the Act.

Subchapter C, Art. 7621d-1, relates to the powers and duties of the Texas Water Quality Board.

What The Bill Proposes To Do:

Gives the Texas Water Quality Board the authority to declare certain products ecological contaminants.

# Section By Section Analysis:

Section 1. Amends Section 1.03, Subchapter A, Texas Water Quality Act, Article 7621d-1, V.T.C.S. by adding the definitions:

- (20) "product" meaning products not safe for human consumption or medicinal use as established by certification or custom of the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (21) "normal use" meaning to utilize and discard in accordance with specific instructions or customary usage.
- Sec. 2. Amends Subchapter C, Art. 7621d-1, V.T.C.S. by adding:
  - (a) Provides that the Board may investigate a product alleged to be an ecological contaminant.
  - (b) After a hearing if the Board determines that the product is incapable of being properly treated by a disposal system or have an adverse effect on the ecological balance on the receiving body of water it shall, it may declare such product an ecological contaminant.
  - (c) If the Board so determines, it shall,
    - (1) issue an order prohibiting the sale of the product to be effective 1 year after the board issues the order.
    - (2) issue an order to the manufacturer of the product to restructure it within two years to such an extent that it no longer constitutes an ecological contaminant.
    - (3) if the public interests requires that the product in its present form be available, issue an order directing all disposal systems receiving the product to be altered to properly treat the product within a four year period.
  - (d) Provides that the Board may promulgate necessary rules and regulations.

# Sec. 3. Emergency Clause.

### Summary of Committee Action:

H. B. 897 passed by a unanimous voice vote.

Collays to

Change Sec. 2 as follows:

Strike Section 3.35 (a), (b) and the first paragraph of (c) down to and including line 33 and in lieu thereof substitute the following:

Descent C

"Section 3.35. ECOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS. (a) The Board shall have the power, within the limits of available funds and staff, to investigate by contract, cooperative agreement or otherwise any product or any ingredient or component of any product sold in Texas which in its normal use will be discharged as municipal waste in order to determine whether it is capable of proper treatment by existing treatment facilities.

- "(b) The Board, after a public hearing, may declare any product or any ingredient or component of any product sold in Texas to be an ecological contaminant if
  - "(1) it is incapable of proper treatment by existing treatment facilities such that when it is discharged from treatment facilities it results in widespread pollution or has a substantially adverse effect on the receiving body of water or within the stream system of which the receiving body of water is a part, and

body of water is a part, and
"(2) the benefits of continued use of the product, the
scarcity of substitutes for the product, and other merits
of the product, both tangible and intangible, are outweighed
by the danger of existing or potential degradation of the
waters of the state.

"(c) If the Board declares any product or any ingredient or component of any product to be an ecological contaminant, it shall do one of the following:

MAY 25 1971

READ AND ADOPTED

CHIEF CLARK

of C

Clark

Amend House Committee amendment to House Bill 897 by adding at the end of Section 3.35, a new paragraph reading as follows:

" (e) no ingredient or component of a product shall be declared an ecological contaminant if the United States or any federal department or agency has set or approved weight, percentage, or other standards relating to the inclusion or use of such ingredient or component in the product."

MAY & 5 1971

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READ AND ADOPTED

PN

By: Silber H.B. No. 897

### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

# AN ACT

relating to the authority of the Texas Water Quality Board to
declare certain products ecological contaminants and to take
appropriate action; amending Section 1.03 of Subchapter A, and
Subchapter C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Arti-
cle 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); and declaring an
emergency.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

# Section 1. Section 1.03, Subchapter A, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Article 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes),

is amended to read as follows:

	"Sect:	lon 1.03.	1	DEFINITIONS	3.	As	used	in	this	Act,	unless	
the	context	requires	a	different	de	fini	tion					

- "(1) 'person' means individual, corporation, organization, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, partnership, association, or any other legal entity;
  - "(2) 'board' means the Texas Water Quality Board;
- "(3) 'executive director' means the executive director of the Texas Water Quality Board;
- "(4) 'water' or 'water in the state' means groundwater,
  percolating or otherwise, lakes, bays, ponds, impounding reservoirs, springs, rivers, streams, creeks, estuaries, marshes,
  inlets, canals, the Gulf of Mexico within the territorial limits
  of the State of Texas, and all other bodies of surface water,
  natural or artificial, inland or coastal, fresh or salt, navigable.

or non-navigable, and including the beds and banks of all
watercourses and bodies of surface water, that are wholly or par-
tially within or bordering the state or within the jurisdiction
of the state;
"(5) 'waste' means sewage, industrial waste, municipal
waste, recreational waste, agricultural waste, or other waste, as
defined in this section;
"(6) 'sewage' means water-borne human waste and waste from
domestic activities, such as washing, bathing and food prepara-
tion;
"(7) 'municipal waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous,
or solid substances that result from any discharge from a pub-
licly owned sewer system, treatment facility, or disposal system;
"(8) 'recreational waste' means water-borne liquid, gas-
eous, or solid substances that emanate from any public or private
park, beach, or recreational area;
"(9) 'agricultural waste' means water-borne liquid, gas-
eous, or solid substances that arise from the agriculture industry
and agricultural activities, including without limitation agri-
cultural animal feeding pens and lots, structures for housing and
feeding agricultural animals, and processing facilities for agri-
cultural products; the term 'agricultural waste' does not include
tailwater or runoff water from irrigation, or rainwater runoff
from cultivated or uncultivated range lands, pasture lands and
farm lands, and these items are, if they may cause impairment of
the quality of the water in the state, included in the term
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"(10) 'industrial waste' means water-borne liquid, gaseous,
or solid substances that result from any process of indus-
try, manufacturing, trade, or business;
"(11) 'other waste' means garbage, refuse, decayed wood,
sawdust, shavings, bark, sand, lime, cinders, ashes, offal, oil,
tar, dyestuffs, acids, chemicals, salt water, or any other sub-
stance, other than sewage, industrial waste, municipal waste,
recreational waste, or agricultural waste, that may cause impair-
ment of the quality of water in the state; 'other waste' also
includes tailwater or runoff water from irrigation, or rainwater
runoff from cultivated or uncultivated range lands, pasture lands
and farm lands, that may cause impairment of the quality of the
water in the state;
"(12) 'pollution' means the alteration of the physical,
thermal, chemical, or biological quality of, or the contamination
of, any water in the state that renders the water harmful, detri-
mental or injurious to humans, animal life, vegetation, or prop-
erty or to public health, safety, or welfare, or impairs the
usefulness or the public enjoyment of the water for any lawful
or reasonable purpose;
"(13) 'sewer system' means pipelines, conduits, storm
sewers, canals, pumping stations, force mains, and all other con-
structions, devices, and appurtenant appliances used to transport
waste;
"(14) 'treatment facility' means any plant, disposal
field, lagoon, incinerator, area devoted to sanitary landfills,
or other facility installed for the purpose of treating, neutral-
izing or stabilizing waste;

"(15) 'disposal system' means any system for disposal of
waste, including sewer systems and treatment facilities;
"(16) 'local government' means an incorporated city, a
county, a river authority, or a water district or authority act-
ing under Article III, Section 52, or Article XVI, Section 59, of
the Texas Constitution;
"(17) 'permit' means an order issued by the board in
accordance with the procedures prescribed in this Act establish-
ing the treatment which shall be given to wastes being discharged
into or adjacent to any water in the state to preserve and
enhance the quality of the water, and specifying the conditions
under which the discharge may be made;
"(18) 'to discharge' includes to deposit, conduct, drain,
emit, throw, run, allow to seep, or otherwise release or dispose
of; or to allow, permit or suffer any such act or omission;
"(19) 'rule' includes regulation;
"(20) 'product' includes any single product, product
group, and class of products which are not safe for human con-
sumption or medicinal use by established custom or certification
by the United States Food and Drug Administration; and
"(21) 'normal use' means to utilize and discard in accor-
dance with instructions on the label, in the package, or in an
advertisement or in accordance with the seller's intent as
exhibited by specific guidance, traditional practices, or common
use."
Sec. 2. Subchapter C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended
(Article 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), is amended to
add a new Section 3.35 to read as follows:

H.B. No. 89	B. No. 89	
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"Section 3.35. ECOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS. (a) The Board
shall have the power, within the limits of available funds and
staff, to investigate by contract, cooperative agreement or other-
wise any product or any ingredient or component of any product
sold in Texas which in its normal use will be discharged as
municipal waste in order to determine whether it is capable of
proper treatment by existing treatment facilities.
"(b) The Board, after a public hearing, may declare any
product or any ingredient or component of any product sold in
Texas to be an ecological contaminant if
"(1) it is incapable of proper treatment by existing
treatment facilities such that when it is discharged from treat-
ment facilities it results in widespread pollution or has a
substantially adverse effect on the receiving body of water or
within the stream system of which the receiving body of water is
a part, and
"(2) the benefits of continued use of the product, the
scarcity of substitutes for the product, and other merits of the
product, both tangible and intangible, are outweighed by the
danger of existing or potential degradation of the waters of the
state.
"(c) If the Board declares any product or any ingredient
or component of any product to be an ecological contaminant, it
shall do one of the following:
"(1) issue an order prohibiting the sale of the product
within the state to be effective one year after the board issues
the order;

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"(2) issue an order directing the manufacturer or producer
of the product to restructure it within two years after the
board issues the order according to guidelines set by the board
so that the product will no longer constitute an ecological con-
taminant or the further sale of the product will be prohibited;
or

- "(3) if the public interest demands that the product in its present form be available for public use, issue an order directing all disposal systems receiving the product to be altered to properly treat the product within the four-year period following the board's order so that the product will no longer constitute an ecological contaminant or the further operation of the disposal system will be prohibited until it is properly altered.
- "(d) The board may make rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- "(e) No ingredient or component of a product shall be declared an ecological contaminant if the United States or any federal department or agency has set or approved weight, percentage, or other standards relating to the inclusion or use of such ingredient or component in the product."
- Sec. 3. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this Rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act\_\_\_\_\_

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ssage,	and	it	is	

take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

### AN ACT

relating to the authority of the Texas Water Quality Board to declare certain products ecological contaminants and to take appropriate action: amending Section 1.03 of Subchapter A, and Subchapter C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Article 7621d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); and declaring an emergency.

MAR 4 - 1971 FILED

MAR 9

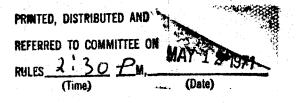
READ 1ST TIME

Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

REPORTED FAVORABLY AS AMENDED SENT TO PRINTER







MAY 2 5 1971	00	MAY 25 1971	Read third time
NO1 . 19 (51)	READ SECOND		and Passed
TIME CHILLI	AND )	by following vote: you	Zen I
ORDERED	_ENGROSSED	NAVE TORON	2065
Well- tel	al Volle	Dorsely Ha	Iman
		Chief C HOUSE OF REPR	lerk PSENTATIVES
Derosty X	Ellman	HOUSE OF REEL	
News	A Bantatival		
Chief Clerk, House	of Representatives	MAY 2 5 1971	
MAY 2 5 1971	Constitutional		
	COTTO AT AN AT AND		IN TOJRECONSIDER THE VO

Rule requiring bills to be read on

A four-fifths vote.

three several days suspended by

SENT TO ENGROSSING CLER

FB-/ PASSED AND TO TABLE THE MOTION TO RECO.

CHIEF CLIRK HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H.B. No. 897

By: Silber

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

# AN ACT

declare cappropris Subchapte cle 7621c	certain products ecological contaminants and to take ate action; amending Section 1.03 of Subchapter A, and er C, Texas Water Quality Act, as amended (Arti-d-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); and declaring an
3- 4-71	Filed.
3- 9-71	Read first time and referred to Committee on State Affairs.
5-11-71	Reported favorably as amended, sent to printer.
5-12-71	Printed, distributed and referred to Committee on Rules at 2:30 p.m.
5-25-71	Read second time, amended and ordered engrossed by a non-record vote.
5-25-71	Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days suspended by a four-fifths vote: Yeas 135, Nays 8.
<u>5-25-71</u>	Read third time and passed by a non-record vote.
	Dorothy Hallman Chief Clerk, H. of R.
5-25-71	Sent to Engrossing Clerk.
5-25-71	Engrossed.
	Orea Surgin

MAY 26 1971 RETURNED FROM ENGROSSING CLERK SENT TO THE SENATE

Read, referred to Committee on		Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute	
		(unanimous consent.	
		(yeas,nays.	
	<del></del> -	To permit consideration, reading and passage, Senate and Constitutional Rules suspended by vote of	
	Read second time	passed to third reading.	
	Caption ordered amended to confo	Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill.	
·-····································		Senate and Constitutional 3-Day Rules suspended by vote of	
. <u> </u>	Read third time and passed by	(a viva-voce vote.  (yeas,nays.	
OTHER ACT	ION:		
		Secretary of the Senate	

Returned to HOUSE